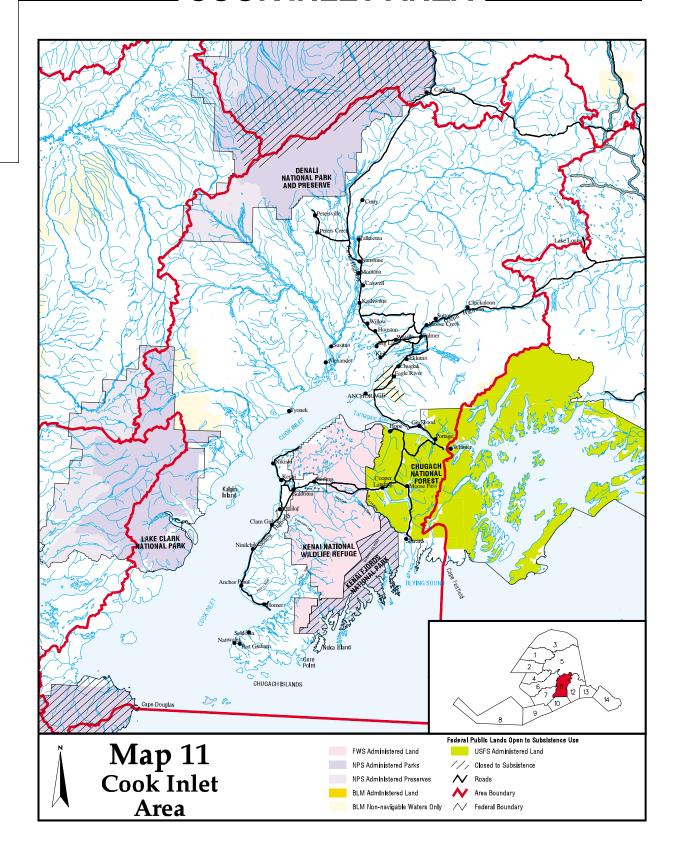
COOK INLET AREA



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The Cook Inlet Area includes all waters of Alaska enclosed by a line extending east from Cape Douglas (58° 51' 06" N. Latitude) and a line extending south from Cape Fairfield (148° 50' 15" W. Longitude). These regulations apply on waters within or adjacent to the Denali National Park and Preserve, Lake Clark National Park, Kenai National Wildlife Refuge, and Chugach National Forest. Bureau of Land Management lands allow fishing only on non-navigable waters. [See map on preceding page.]

Customary and Traditional Use Determinations:

All fish, other than salmon, Dolly Varden, trout, char, grayling, and burbot – Residents of the Cook Inlet Area.

Special Provisions:

NO SUBSISTENCE FISHING PERMIT REQUIRED. You can take fish at any time without a subsistence fishing permit, unless restricted in the following regulations or by emergency regulation.

You may <u>not</u> take salmon, Dolly Varden, trout, grayling, char, and burbot for subsistence purposes.

If you take rainbow trout or steelhead trout incidentally in other subsistence net fisheries or through the ice, you may retain them for subsistence purposes.

Regulations:

You may take fish by gear listed in this part unless restricted in this section or under the terms of a subsistence fishing permit (as may be modified in this section).

You may only take smelt with dip nets or gillnets in fresh water from April 1 through June 15. You may not use a gillnet exceeding 20 feet in length and two inches in mesh size. You must attend the net at all times when it is being used. There are no harvest or possession limits for smelt.

Gillnets may not be used in freshwater, except for the taking of whitefish in the Tyone River drainage or for the taking of smelt.